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**COMSATS University Islamabad (CUI)**

**Project Proposal**

**for**

**DroniSS : Drone Surveillance System**

Version 1.2

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**Project Category:**

■ **A-**Web Application/Web Application based Information System

■ **B-**Problem Solving and Artificial Intelligence

■ **C-**Image Processing■ **D-**Video Processing

# Abstract

The proposed drone surveillance system aims to address the need for advanced security and monitoring solutions in today's dynamic environments. Existing systems often lack real-time surveillance and threat detection capabilities, leading to security vulnerabilities and operational inefficiencies. This project seeks to overcome these challenges by offering a comprehensive solution for surveillance, threat detection, and data integrity assurance. Objectives include developing a manual flight control system, implementing advanced threat detection algorithms, and integrating blockchain technology for secure data storage. Through these efforts, the project aims to bridge gaps in current surveillance systems by providing a scalable, reliable, and transparent solution. The significance lies in its potential to revolutionize surveillance practices, offering improved threat detection, enhanced data security, and streamlined operational workflows.

# Introduction

DroniSS is an innovative drone surveillance system designed to transform security monitoring. By leveraging cutting-edge drone technology and blockchain integration, DroniSS offers a robust solution for real-time surveillance, threat detection, and data integrity assurance. Key features include **manual flight control** for precise navigation, **live surveillance feeds** for immediate detection of threats such as weapons, fires, fights, accidents, suspicious drones, and vehicles, and the use of **blockchain technology** for secure data storage and retrieval. The system not only improves **response times** from authorities but also reduces **false alarms**, ensuring quicker and more accurate threat identification. DroniSS enhances **efficiency, transparency, and scalability** in security operations, while **smart contract integration** automates tasks and ensures reliable data management, empowering security personnel with a cost-effective and highly reliable solution for enhanced situational awareness and threat mitigation.

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# Problem Statement

Traditional surveillance systems encounter several issues, including slow response times, frequent false alarms, and inconsistent data management. These systems often lack the ability to deliver accurate, real-time threat detection, leading to inefficiencies, particularly in high-risk situations. Additionally, they are vulnerable to data tampering or loss, which compromises the integrity of critical information. These weaknesses reduce the overall effectiveness of security operations, making it difficult for personnel to respond quickly and accurately to threats. As security challenges grow more complex, there is a pressing need for improved, scalable, and reliable surveillance solutions.

# Problem Solution/Objectives of the Proposed System

Our software system aims to tackle these challenges by harnessing drone technology with manual control and advanced artificial intelligence algorithms. Through the deployment of drone/drones equipped with high-resolution cameras and intelligent software, our system will facilitate real-time monitoring of designated areas, proactively detecting security threats, and responding promptly by monitoring suspicious activities and security risks. Additionally, the system will be engineered to seamlessly adapt to dynamic environments and emerging security challenges. Immediate monitoring and alerts will facilitate rapid responses to security incidents, while sophisticated analytics and machine learning algorithms will enhance threat detection accuracy. This holistic approach will substantially improve situational awareness, reduce response times, and ultimately foster better security and safety outcomes.

## Objectives

BO-1: Enhance surveillance coverage by implementing drones with manual control to eliminate blind spots and provide 180-degree monitoring.  
BO-2: Detect and alert authorities about security threats promptly.  
BO-3: Ensure high accuracy in detecting security-related events.  
BO-4: Reduce response time to security incidents.  
BO-5: Integrate predictive analytics to identify suspicious behavior patterns, alerting authorities, and enhancing proactive threat detection to minimize security breaches.

# Related System Analysis/Literature Review

Table 1 shows three related systems DJI Phantom 4 Pro , Parrot Anafi USA , Skydio 2

Table 1 Related System Analysis with proposed project solution

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Application Name** | **Weakness** | **Proposed Project Solution** |
| Skydio Autonomy [1] | Primarily focuses on autonomous flight; less flexible for dynamic environments. | DroniSS integrates manual control with real-time threat detection and secure data management for greater adaptability. |
| SenseFly eBee X [2] | Lacks real-time threat detection; used mainly for pre-planned flights. | DroniSS offers real-time monitoring and AI-driven threat detection, making it more responsive to dynamic situations. |
| Quantum Systems Trinity F90+ [3] | Focuses on endurance and high-resolution imaging; lacks advanced real-time analysis. | DroniSS combines manual control with advanced AI and blockchain for comprehensive, real-time surveillance capabilities. |

# Vision Statement

For security agencies and organizations tasked with surveillance operations in various environments, DroniSS: the Drone Surveillance System is an advanced aerial platform designed to manually patrol and monitor designated areas, detect potential threats, and provide real-time situational awareness. Unlike traditional manned surveillance methods or stationary CCTV systems, our product leverages cutting-edge manual flight control and computer vision technologies to offer persistent, scalable, and cost-effective surveillance solutions. Our system empowers users to safeguard critical assets, infrastructure, and personnel while adapting efficiently and effectively to dynamic and evolving security challenges.

# Scope

This project involves the development of a drone surveillance system with a focus on manual flight control, real-time surveillance, threat detection, data visualization, and secure data storage. Key functionalities include implementing manual flight control for navigating the routes. Users will access live surveillance feeds and recorded footage through a user-friendly web interface using real-time video streaming technologies. Advanced algorithms will analyze surveillance data to detect security threats or anomalies, and interactive visualization tools will enable users to interpret data on maps and dashboards. Additionally, the system will utilize blockchain technology to save the threat detected timestamps so there is less chance of tampering the data and lesser use of the blockchain resources. User management features for authentication, authorization, and role-based access control will be included, along with administrative tools for system configuration, incident management, and reporting. This project aims to deliver a scalable and user-friendly solution for improving security and situational awareness in various applications.

# Modules

## Module 1: Drone Control

FE-1: Manual flight control system for drones to navigate on the routes.  
FE-2: Integrate weather data APIs to adjust flight plans based on weather conditions.  
FE-3: Real-time monitoring of drone status and location.  
FE-4: Provide controls for emergency procedures in case of unexpected situations during flight.

## Module 2: Surveillance and Threat Detection

FE-1: Implement real-time video processing algorithms to analyze surveillance footage for potential threats or anomalies.

FE-2: Develop object detection algorithms to identify and classify objects of interest in the surveillance feed.

FE-3: Design threat identification algorithms to detect and categorize security threats based on detected objects or behaviors.

FE-4: Develop algorithms for crowd behavior analysis to detect suspicious activities in crowded areas.

FE-5: Customizable threat detection settings for specific security requirements and environments.

## Module 3: Alert Management

FE-1: Real-time alerts and notifications for security incidents or unusual activities.

FE-2: Priority-based alert categorization and escalation procedures for timely response.

FE-3: Integration with existing security systems for seamless alert management and coordination.

## Module 4: Blockchain Integration

FE-1: Set up and configure a blockchain network for secure and tamper-proof storage of surveillance data.

FE-2: Implement data encryption mechanisms to ensure the security and integrity of stored surveillance data.

## Module 5: User Management

FE-1: User authentication and authorization mechanisms for secure access to the system.

FE-2: Role-based access control to restrict functionalities based on user roles and permissions.

FE-3: Enable user to edit profile information (password).

FE-4: Implement a secure password reset functionality where user can retrieve forgotten passwords through email verification or security questions.

FE-5: Audit trail functionality to track user activities and changes made to the system.

FE-6: Implement 2-Factor Authentication for better security.

## Module 6: Surveillance Monitoring Interface

FE-1: Design a user-friendly web interface for operators to monitor and control the surveillance system.

FE-2: Develop features to display live surveillance feed and playback recorded footage on the web application.

FE-3: Provide interactive controls for drone control

FE-4: Implement real-time status indicators for the network, battery levels, and connection status.

## Module 7: Interactive Mapping and Location Visualization

FE-1: Interactive maps and visualization tools for displaying drone locations and surveillance data.

FE-2: Provide search functionality for users to selectively view specific types of surveillance data or events.

FE-3: Implement zoom and pan functionality for detailed exploration of surveillance data and maps.

FE-4: Integrate real-time weather data overlays to visualize weather conditions and their impact on surveillance operations.

FE-5: Implement dynamic data filtering options to enable users to filter surveillance data by criteria like time, location, or activity type for focused analysis and monitoring.

## Module 8: Data Handling

FE-1: Develop mechanisms to efficiently store captured images or videos on the blockchain.

FE-2: Implement functionality to retrieve stored surveillance data from the blockchain for analysis or playback.

FE-3: Implement data compression techniques to reduce storage requirements without compromising quality.

FE-4: Integrate data lifecycle management policies to automatically archive or delete outdated surveillance data.

## Module 9: Reporting and Analysis

FE-1: Reporting functionalities to generate detailed reports on surveillance activities and incidents.

FE-2: Advanced analytics tools for deep dive analysis of surveillance data and trends.

FE-3: Export functionalities to save reports and analytics data in various formats for sharing and archival purposes.

## Module 10: Admin Dashboard

FE-1: Design a user-friendly interface for administrators to monitor and manage the surveillance system efficiently.

FE-2: Enable administrators to manage user accounts, including creating, editing, and deleting user profiles, as well as assigning roles and permissions.

FE-3: Provide a comprehensive overview of system status, including drone fleet health, surveillance coverage, and alert summaries.

FE-4: Allow administrators to configure system settings, such as geofence parameters, alert thresholds, and data retention policies.

FE-5: Design reporting tools to generate insights on system performance, alert trends, and operational metrics for analysis.

# System Limitations/Constraints

LI-1: Drone surveillance operations are constrained by the limited battery life of drones, but the surveillance system lessens this impact through optimized flight routes and rapid battery charging capabilities, ensuring continuous surveillance missions.

LI-2: Weather Conditions: Adverse weather conditions such as strong winds and rain can affect the performance and reliability of drone surveillance systems, leading to reduced visibility and operational limitations, but the surveillance system will hold a possibility of switching to safe city cameras to provide surveillance to some extent.

LI-3: Regulatory Compliance: Drone operations are subject to various regulations and restrictions imposed by aviation authorities, which may limit the areas where drones can fly and the altitudes they can reach.

LI-4: Payload Capacity: Drones have limited payload capacity, which may constrain the types of sensors, cameras, and equipment that can be carried for surveillance purposes.

# Data Gathering Approach

To understand user needs and system requirements thoroughly for the proposed project, we will use a blend of information gathering methods. This will involve engaging in consultations with subject matter experts. Additionally, we will analyze existing literature, research papers, and industry standards related to drone surveillance systems to get insights into best practices, emerging technologies, and regulatory requirements that could influence system design and development.

# Tools and Technologies

Table 2 shows the tools and technologies used for our project.

Table 2: Tools and Technologies for Proposed Project

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Tools**  **And**  **Technologies** | **Tools** | **Version** | **Rationale** |
| MS Visual Studio | 2022 | IDE |
| MS SQL Server | 2015 | DBMS |
| Figma | 16 | Design Work |
| DroneKit | 2.9.1 | Active community support, compatibility with various drone platforms |
| MongoDB | 2022 | DBMS |
| OAuth | 2.0 | Authentication in web applications |
| Git/Github | - | Version control system and hosting platform for managing source code repositories. |
| Docker | 20.10 | Containerization tool for consistent deployment of applications. |
| **Technology** | **Version** | **Rationale** |
| React JS | 18.2 | Front-end Development |
| Node JS | 14 | Back-end Development |
| Angular | 17.0.0 | Front-end Development. |
| Solidity | 0.8 | Blockchain Development |
| Python | 3.11.10 | Machine Learning Models |
| Tensorflow | 2.8 | Framework for building and deploying machine learning models. |
| Pytorch | 1.10 | Framework for deep learning with dynamic computational graphs. |
| Pandas | 1.3.3 | Library for data analysis and analysis |
| Flask | 2.0 | Lightweight web framework for creating APIs for serving machine learning models. |

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# Project Stakeholders and Roles

Table 3 shows the stakeholders and their roles in our project.

Table 3 Project Stakeholders for Proposed Project

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Project Sponsor** | COMSATS University Islamabad, Islamabad Campus |
| **Stakeholder** | * Muhammad Usman Malik (FA21-BCS-072) * Muhammad Hozefa Rauf (FA21-BCS-057) * Hammad Ur Rehman (FA21-BCS-055) * Project Supervisor Name: Mr. Qasim Malik * Final Year Project Committee: Evaluation of project |

# Module based Work Division

Table 4 shows the module work division for our project.

Table 4 Team Member Work Division for Proposed Project

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Student Name** | **Student Registration Number** | **Responsibility/ Module / Feature** |
| Hammad Ur Rehman | FA21-BCS-055 | Module1- Feature 1,  Module2- Feature 2-3,  Module4- Feature 1-2,  Module8- Feature 1-2,  Module10- Feature 2, |
| Muhammad Hozefa Rauf | FA21-BCS-057 | Module1- Feature 1,3,  Module2- Feature 1,  Module3- Feature 1-3,  Module5- Feature 1-5,  Module6- Feature 1-4,  Module10- Feature 3, |
| Muhammad Usman Malik | FA21-BCS-072 | Module1- Feature 4,  Module2- Feature 4-5,  Module7- Feature 1-5,  Module8- Feature 3-4,  Module9- Feature 1-3,  Module10- Feature 1, |

# WBS and Gantt Chart

Figure 1 displays the Gantt chart for the DroniSS: Drone Surveillance System.

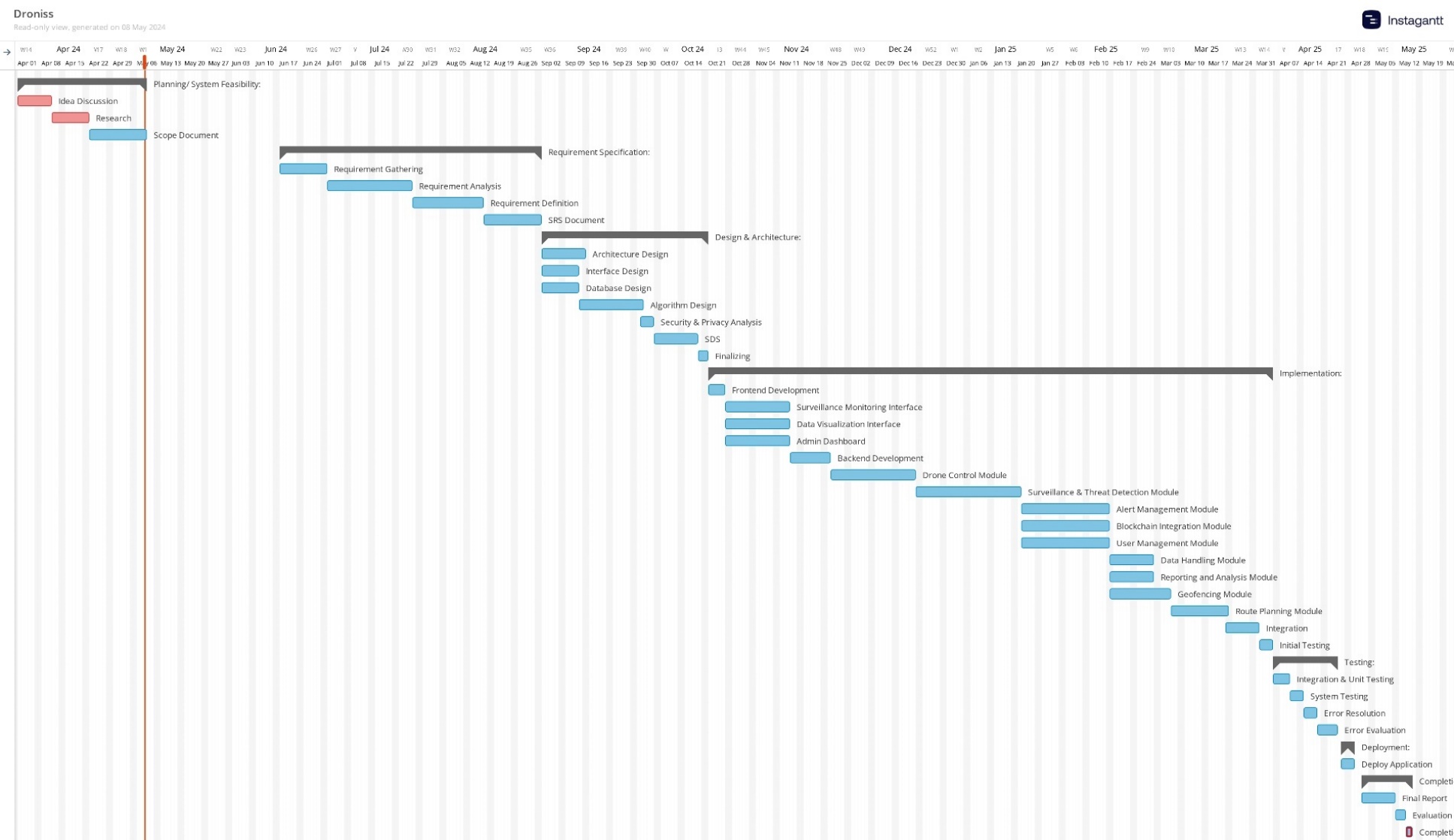


Figure 1: Gantt Chart

Figure 2 shows the work breakdown structure for DroniSS: Drone Surveillance System.

A graph of a project

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Figure 2:WBS For DroniSS: Drone Surveillance System

# Mockups

Fiqure 3 shows the landing page mockup features a centralized "Sign In" button, with a navigation bar offering easy access to the Home, About, and Contact sections.

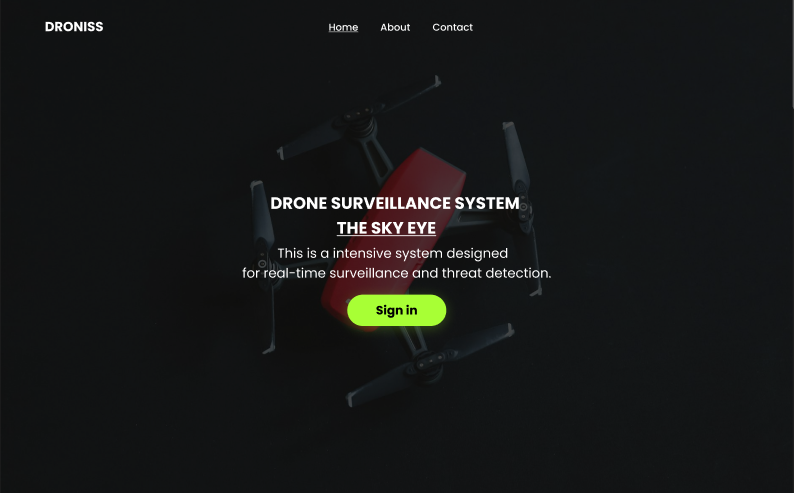


Figure 3: Landing Page

Fiqure 4 shows the locating drone page mockup within the dashboard showcases real-time drone locations on an interactive map interface.

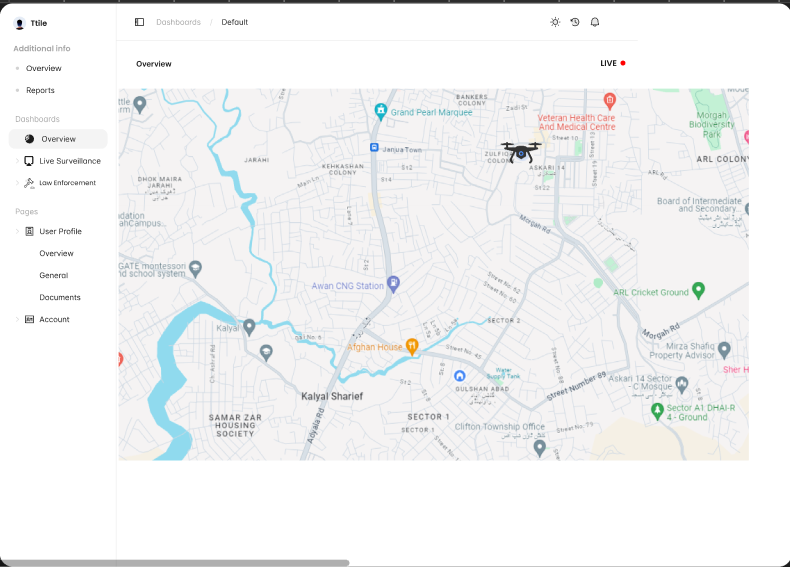


Figure 4: Locating Drone

*Fiqure 5* *shows t*he live surveillance screen mockup presents a dynamic interface where users can view live camera footage, access other recorded footage, and initiate playback seamlessly.

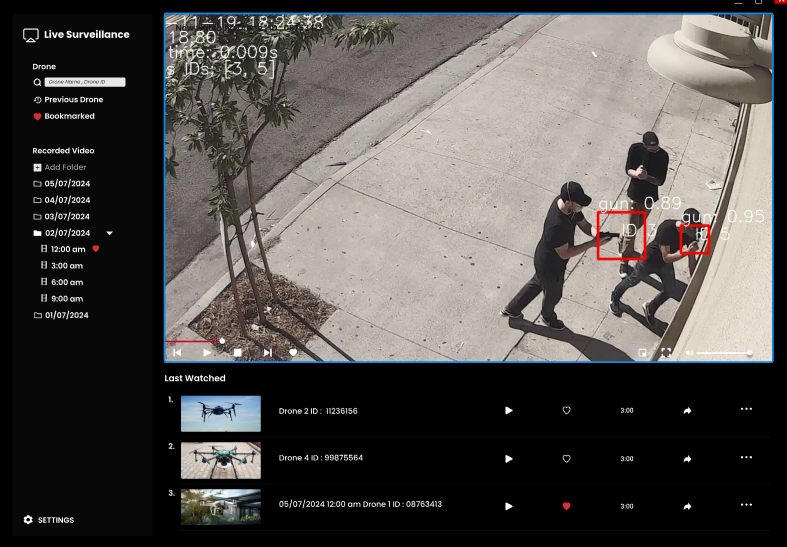


Figure 5: Live Surveillance Screen

Fiqure 6 shows the Law Enforcement Coordination mockup provides a comprehensive display of information and status updates of law enforcement agencies, ensuring efficient coordination and communication in real-time.



Figure 6: Law Enforcement Co-ordination

Fiqure 7 shows the Analytics page mockup within the admin dashboard offers detailed analysis of surveillance data and provides administrators with access to all existing surveillance footage for monitoring and review.

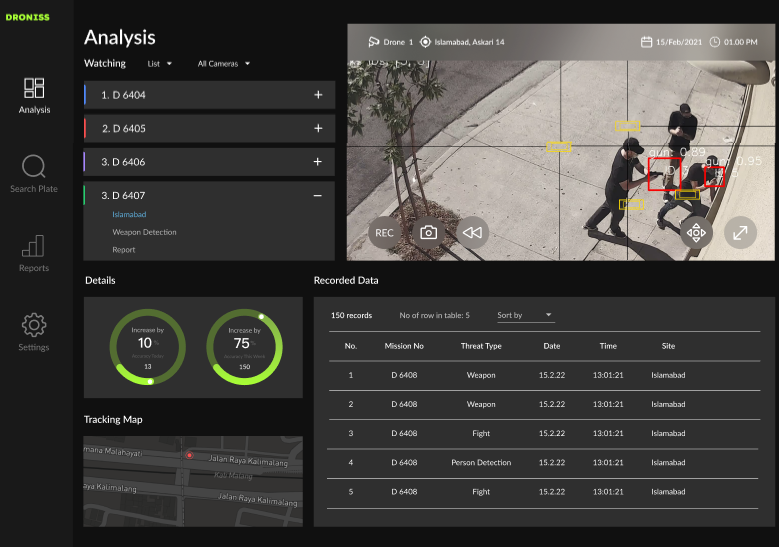


Figure 7: Analytics

Fiqure 8 shows the User Profile mockup allows users to view and edit their personal information, while also providing access to past surveillance data for review and analysis.

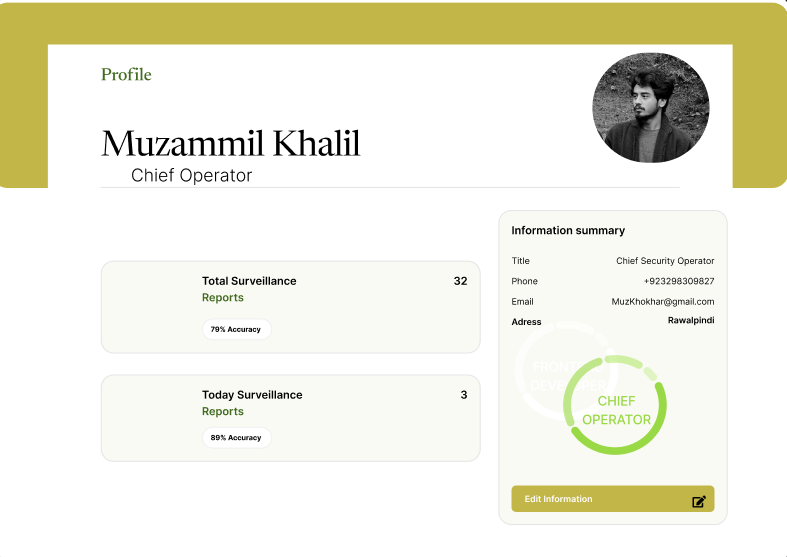


Figure 8 : User Profile

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# Plagiarism Report

